## NUT ROTATION ACTUATOR CARTESIAN SYSTEM

LINEAR MOTOR CARTESIAN SYSTEM LSA= A A

www.linearachsensysteme.de

# Introducing Two Multi-slider Type* Cartesian Robots 

*1 A multi-slider robot consists of two sliders installed in one axis, where both sliders can be operated independently.

Combined actuator units of nut rotation type offering excellent transfer capability
The built-in servo motor in the slider turns the nut to move the actuator. Accordingly, heavy loads can be operated at high speed even at a long stroke. A desired combination can be selected from 2-axis, 3 -axis, 4 -axis ( 2 axes +2 axes) and 6 -axis ( 3 axes +3 axes) configurations.

NS - ISPA Cartesian System


Combined actuator units of linear motor type offering excellent acceleration/deceleration performance
High-thrust linear motors enable operation requiring a long stroke (up to 4155 mm ) and high acceleration/deceleration (rating: 1 G )
A desired combination can be selected from 2-axis, 3-axis, 4-axis (2 axes +2 axes) and 6 -axis ( 3 axes +3 axes) configurations.
LSA - ISPA Cartesian System

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## Cartesian Robots Using Nut Rotation Actuators / Large Linear Motors Supporting Long Strokes, High-speed Moves and Multiple Sliders

NS [Nut Rotation Actuator) + ISPA

*1: The load capacity changes according to the Y -axis stroke and Z -axis stroke. For details, check the page describing the type you are interested in.

## LSA [Linear Motor] + ISPA



[^0]| 3 axes <br> Z-axis slider mount |  |  |  | $4 \text { axes ( } 2 \text { axes }+2 \text { axes) }$ |  | 6 axes (3 axes +3 axes) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Z-axis base mount | Z-axis slider mount |  |
| ICSPA3 |  |  |  |  |  | ICSPA4 |  | ICSPA6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| B1N $\square$ HS3M | B1N $\square$ MS3M | B2N■ HS3M | B2N■MS3M | B3N1H B3N1M |  | B3N1HB3H | B3N1HB3M | B3N1MB3H | B3N1MB3M | B3N1HS3M | B3N1MS3M |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 500~ | 2200 | 2250~3000 |  | $250 \sim 2250$ |  | 250~2250 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 200~700 |  |  |  | 200~700 |  | 200~700 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100~400 |  |  |  | - |  | 100~500 |  |  |  | $100 \sim 400$ |  |
| 2400 | 1300 | 2400 | 1300 | 2400 | 1300 | 2400 |  | 1300 |  | 2400 | 1300 |
| 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 | 1200 |  | 1200 |  | 1200 | 1200 |
| 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | - | - | 1200 | 600 | 1200 | 600 | 600 | 600 |
| 11.5 | 13.0 | 11.5 | 13.0 | 21.2 | 40.0 | 9.0 | 11.2 | 9.0 | 19.0 | 11.5 | 13.0 |
| P. 21 | P. 23 | P. 25 | P. 27 | P. 29 | P. 31 | P. 33 |  | $\text { P. } 35$ |  | P. 37 | P. 39 |




## Model Details

| Encoder Type | XY combination direction (*) | Model** |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Incremental | 1 |  |
|  | 2 |  |
|  | 3 |  |
|  | 4 | ICSPA2-B1L4H-I- [17-2]AQ-T2- ${ }^{3}$-(4) |

* Refer to the figure below for the XY combination directions.
** Refer to the table on the right for the details of (0)to (4) in the model names shown above.

Explanation of Model Codes

| No. | Description | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (1) | X-axis stroke (Note 1) |  |
| (2) | Y-axis stroke (Note 1) | $\begin{gathered} 20: 200 \mathrm{~mm} \\ 40: 400 \mathrm{~mm} \end{gathered}$ |
| (3) | Cable Length (Note 2) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3L: } 3 \mathrm{~m} \\ & 5 \mathrm{~L}: 5 \mathrm{~m} \\ & \square \mathrm{~L}: \square \mathrm{m} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| (4) | Y-axis cable wiring | CT : Cable track |

* The above explains the details of (1) to (4) in the model names shown to the left.


## XY CombinatiorDirection

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |

Component Axes

| Component Axes | Model |
| :---: | :---: |
| X-axis | LSA-W21SS-I-400- (Stroke) -T2-L-園 |
| Y-axis | ISPA-MYM-I-200-20- (Stroke) -T2-AQ |

※Enter NT1 or NT2 into (0) above.
NT1: Enter for cartesian combination direction 1 or 3
NT2: Enter for cartesian combination direction 2 or 4
Note) Nut rotation and large linear motor type require a cable track even for single-axis use, but when combined with cartesian robot, they use a different cable track. In this case the specification will be for no cable track (NT1 or NT2)

Load Capacity by Acceleration (kg) (note 3)

|  |  | Y-axis stroke |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 200 | 250 | 300 | 350 | 400 |
| ¢ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { X-axis } 1.0 \mathrm{G} \\ & \mathrm{Y} \text {-axis } 0.3 \mathrm{G} \end{aligned}$ | 21.2 | 20.0 | 20.0 | 17.4 | 15.2 |

Options
Specify each applicable option code after the stroke of each axis
If you are selecting multiple options, specify them in an alphabetical order.

| Name | Model | Referencepage | Remarks |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AQ seal | AQ | P53 | Standard Feature on $Y$-axis |
| Brake | B | P53 | Limited to $Y$-axis |
| Creep sensor | C | P53 | Limited to $Y$-axis |
| Home limit switch | L | P53 | Standard Feature on $X$-axis |
| Opposite home specification | NM | P53 | Limited to $Y$-axis |

## Common Spedications

| Drive method | X-axis: Linear servo motor |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Y-axis: Ball screw, rolled, C5 equivalent |
| Positioning repeatability | X-axis: $\pm 0.005 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
|  | Y-axis: $\pm 0.01 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Lost motion | 0.02 mm or less |
| Guide | X-axis: Linear guide |
|  | Y-axis: Guide integrated with the base |
| Base | X-axis: Material: Aluminum with black alumite treatment |
|  | Y-axis: Material: Aluminum with white alumite treatment |
| X-axis motor output/lead | Equivalent to $400 \mathrm{~W} /($ none |
| Y-axis motor output/lead | $200 \mathrm{~W} / 20 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

## Maximum Speed by Stroke (mm/s)

|  | 200 | 300 | 400 | $1050 \sim 4155$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| X-axis | - | - | - | 2500 |
| Y-axis | 1200 |  |  |  |


|  | (Note 1) Strokes are indicated in cm (centimeters) in model names. <br> (Note 2) The cable length indicates the length from the X-axis connector box to the <br> controller. Although the standard cable is 3 m or 5 m long, other lengths can <br> be specified in units of meters. The maximum cable length is 20 m . |
| :--- | :--- |
| Caution | (Note 3) The rated acceleration is 1 G for the X -axis and 0.3 G for the Y -axis. <br> Although the Y-axis can operate at accelerations of up to 1 G, increasing <br> the acceleration decreases the load capacity. (Contact IAI for load capaci- <br> ties at higher accelerations.) |

## ICSPA2-B1L $\square$ H

Dimensions


ME: Mechanical end SE: Stroke end

## 2D CAD



C- $\varphi 9$ through, depth 16 , counterbored (from opposite side)



Detail view of X -axis base mounting hole

Detail view of slot in $X$-axis base

| X Stroke | 1050 | 1185 | 1320 | 1455 | 1590 | 1725 | 1860 | 1995 | 2130 | 2265 | 2400 | 2535 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 205 | 72.5 | 140 | 207.5 | 75 | 142.5 | 210 | 77.5 | 145 | 212.5 | 80 | 147.5 |
| B | 5 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 13 | 13 |
| C | 12 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 28 | 28 |
| D | 105 | 172.5 | 40 | 107.5 | 175 | 42.5 | 110 | 177.5 | 45 | 112.5 | 180 | 47.5 |
| E | 6 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 14 |
| F | 14 | 14 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 30 |
| G | 1200 | 1200 | 1600 | 1600 | 1600 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2400 | 2400 | 2400 | 2800 |


| X Stroke | 2670 | 2805 | 2940 | 3075 | 3210 | 3345 | 3480 | 3615 | 3750 | 3885 | 4020 | 4155 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 215 | 82.5 | 150 | 217.5 | 85 | 152.5 | 220 | 87.5 | 155 | 222.5 | 90 | 157.5 |
| B | 13 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 17 | 17 | 17 | 19 | 19 | 19 | 21 | 21 |
| C | 28 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 44 | 44 |
| D | 115 | 182.5 | 50 | 117.5 | 185 | 52.5 | 120 | 187.5 | 55 | 122.5 | 190 | 57.5 |
| E | 14 | 14 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 22 |
| F | 30 | 30 | 34 | 34 | 34 | 38 | 38 | 38 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 46 |
| G | 2800 | 2800 | 3200 | 3200 | 3200 | 3600 | 3600 | 3600 | 4000 | 4000 | 4000 | 4400 |



## Model Details

| Encoder Type | XY combination direction（＊） | Z－axis speed type | Model＊＊ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Incremental | 1 | H | ICSPA3－B1L1HB3H－I－（7）L－（2）AQ－（3）AQB－T2－（4）－（5） |
|  |  | M | ICSPA3－B1L1HB3M－I－（1）L－（2）AQ－（3）AQB－T2－（4）－（5） |
|  | 2 | H | ICSPA3－B1L2HB3H－I－（1）L－（2）AQ－（3）AQB－T2－（4）－5 |
|  |  | M | ICSPA3－B1L2HB3M－I－（1）L－（2）AQ－（3）AQB－T2－（4）－（5） |
|  | 3 | H | ICSPA3－B1L3HB3H－I－（1）L－（2）AQ－（3）AQB－T2－（4）－（5） |
|  |  | M | ICSPA3－B1L3HB3M－I－（1）L－（2）AQ－（3）AQB－T2－（4）－（5） |
|  | 4 | H | ICSPA3－B1L4HB3H－I－（1）L－（2）AQ－（3）AQB－T2－（4）－（5） |
|  |  | M | ICSPA3－B1L4HB3M－I－（1）L－（2）AQ－3 3 AQB－T2－（4）－（5） |

＊Refer to the figure below for the XY combination directions．
＊＊Refer to the table on the right for the details of（1）to（5）in the model names shown above

Explanation of Model Codes

| No． | Description | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| （1） | X－axis stroke （Note 1） | $\begin{gathered} 105: 1050 \mathrm{~mm} \\ 415: 4155 \mathrm{~mm} \end{gathered}$ |
| （2） | Y －axis stroke （Note 1） | $\begin{gathered} 20: 200 \mathrm{~mm} \\ 40: 400 \mathrm{~mm} \end{gathered}$ |
| （3） | Z－axis stroke <br> （Note 1） | $\begin{gathered} 10: 100 \mathrm{~mm} \\ 40: 400 \mathrm{~mm} \end{gathered}$ |
| （4） | Cable Length （Note 2） | $\begin{gathered} 3 \mathrm{~L}: 3 \mathrm{~m} \\ 5 \mathrm{~L}: 5 \mathrm{~m} \\ \square \mathrm{~L}: \square \mathrm{m} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| （5） | Y／Z－axis cable wiring | CT ：Cable track |

The above

XY Combination Direction

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |

Options
Specify each applicable option code after the stroke of each axis．
If you are selecting multiple options，specify them in an alphabetical order．

| Name | Model | Reference page | Remarks |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AQ seal | AQ | P53 | Standard Feature on $Y / Z$－axes |
| Brake | B | P53 | Limited to $Y /$－axes $Z$ standard） |
| Creep sensor | C | P53 | Limited to $Y / Z$－axes |
| Home limit switch | L | P53 | Standard Feature on $X$－axis |
| Opposite home specification | NM | P53 | Limited to $Y / Z$－axes |


| Common Specifications |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Drive method | X－axis：Linear servo motor |
|  | Y－axis：Ball screw，rolled，C5 equivalent |
| Positioning repeatability | X－axis：$\pm 0.005 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
|  | Y－axis：$\pm 0.01 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Lost motion | O．O2 mm or less |
|  | X－axis：Linear guide |
|  | Y／Z－axis：Guide integrated with the base |
| Base | X－axis：Material：Aluminum with black alumite treatment |
|  | Y／Z－axis：Material：Aluminum with white alumite treatment |
| X－axis motor output／lead | Equivalent to $400 \mathrm{~W} /($ none） |
| Y－axis motor output／lead | $200 \mathrm{~W} / 20 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Z－axis motor output／lead | $200 \mathrm{~W} / 20 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{(10} \mathrm{mm)}$ |

＊The value in parentheses applies to the $Z$－axis medium－speed specification．

## Component Axes

| Component Axes | Model |
| :---: | :---: |
| X－axis | LSA－W21SS－I－400－（Stroke）－T2－L－$⿴ 囗 十$ |
| Y－axis | ISPA－MYM－I－200－20－（Stroke）－T2－AQ |
| Z－axis | ISPA－MXM－I－200－20（10）－（Stroke）－T2－AQ－B |

＊Enter NT1 or NT2 into（1）above
NT1：Enter for cartesian combination direction 1 or 3
NT2：Enter for cartesian combination direction 2 or 4
Note）Nut rotation and large linear motor type require a cable track even for single－axis use， but when combined with cartesian robot，they use a different cable track．In this case the specification will be for no cable track（NT1 or NT2）
（Note 1）Strokes are indicated in cm （centimeters）in model names．
（Note 2）The cable length indicates the length from the $X$－axis connector box to the controller．Although the standard cable is 3 m or 5 m long，other lengths can be specified in units of meters．The maximum cable length is 20 m ．
（Note 3）The rated acceleration is 1 G for the X －axis and 0.3 G for the Y －axis and Z axis．．Although the Y －axis can operate at accelerations of up to 1 G ，in－ creasing the acceleration decreases the load capacity．（Contact IAI for load capacities at higher accelerations．）

ICSPA3-B1L $\square$ HB3 $\square$

## Load Capacity (kg)

$\square \mathrm{B} 1 \mathrm{~L} \square \mathrm{HB} 3 \mathrm{H}$

|  |  | Y-axis Stroke |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 200 | 250 | 300 | 350 | 400 |
|  | 100 | 9.0 |  |  | 7.2 | 5.0 |
|  | ~200 | 9.0 | 8.9 |  | 6.3 | 4.0 |
|  | ~300 | 9.0 | 7.9 |  | 5.3 | 3.0 |
|  | $\sim 400$ | 8.2 | 6.9 |  | 4.3 | 2.0 |

## Maximum Speed by Stroke (mm/s)

$\square$ B1L $\square \mathrm{HB} 3 \mathrm{H}$

|  | Stroke |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 100 | 200 | 300 | 400 | $1050 \sim 4155$ |
|  | - | - | - | - | 2500 |
|  | - | 1200 |  |  |  |
|  | 1200 |  |  |  |  |

$\square \mathrm{B} 1 \mathrm{~L} \square \mathrm{HB} 3 \mathrm{M}$

$\square B 1 L \square \mathrm{HB} 3 \mathrm{M}$

|  | Stroke |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 100 | 200 | 300 | 400 | $1050 \sim 4155$ |
|  | - | - | - | - | 2500 |
|  | - | 1200 |  |  |  |
|  | 600 |  |  |  |  |

Dimensions

| You can download CAD |
| :--- |
| drawings from our website. |

ME: Mechanical end
SE: Stroke end

2D



Section view of cable track
※ The dimensions in parentheses apply
to the cable track between $Y$ and $Z$.

tail view of $X$-axis base mounting hole Detail view of slot in $X$-axis base

$$
\frac{\varphi 8 \mathrm{H} 7 \text {, reamed depth } 10 \text { (standard installation) }}{\text { Ex200P }}
$$

(refer to the detail view of base mounting hole)

| X Stroke | 1050 | 1185 | 1320 | 1455 | 1590 | 1725 | 1860 | 1995 | 2130 | 2265 | 2400 | 2535 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 205 | 72.5 | 140 | 207.5 | 75 | 142.5 | 210 | 77.5 | 145 | 212.5 | 80 | 147.5 |
| B | 5 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 13 | 13 |
| C | 12 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 28 | 28 |
| D | 105 | 172.5 | 40 | 107.5 | 175 | 42.5 | 110 | 177.5 | 45 | 112.5 | 180 | 47.5 |
| E | 6 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 14 |
| F | 14 | 14 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 30 |
| G | 1200 | 1200 | 1600 | 1600 | 1600 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2400 | 2400 | 2400 | 2800 |


| X Stroke | 2670 | 2805 | 2940 | 3075 | 3210 | 3345 | 3480 | 3615 | 3750 | 3885 | 4020 | 4155 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 215 | 82.5 | 150 | 217.5 | 85 | 152.5 | 220 | 87.5 | 155 | 222.5 | 90 | 157.5 |
| B | 13 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 17 | 17 | 17 | 19 | 19 | 19 | 21 | 21 |
| C | 28 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 44 | 44 |
| D | 115 | 182.5 | 50 | 117.5 | 185 | 52.5 | 120 | 187.5 | 55 | 122.5 | 190 | 57.5 |
| E | 14 | 14 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 22 |
| F | 30 | 30 | 34 | 34 | 34 | 38 | 38 | 38 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 46 |
| G | 2800 | 2800 | 3200 | 3200 | 3200 | 3600 | 3600 | 3600 | 4000 | 4000 | 4000 | 4400 |



## Model Details

| Encoder Type | XY combination direction（＊） | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Z-axis speed } \\ & \text { type } \end{aligned}$ | Model＊＊ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Incremental | 1 | M | ICSPA3－B1L1 HS3M－I－（17）L－（2）AQ－ 3 A AQBNM－T2－（4）－（5） |
|  | 2 | M | ICSPA3－B1L2HS3M－I－（7）L－（2）AQ－ 3 （ AQBNM－T2－（4）－（5） |
|  | 3 | M | ICSPA3－B1L3HS3M－I－（1）L－［2］AQ－ 3 A AQBNM－T2－（4）－［50 |
|  | 4 | M |  |

Refer to the figure below for the XY combination directions．
＊＊Refer to the table on the right for the details of 团to 夏in the model names shown above．
Explanation of Model Codes

| No． | Description | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| （1） | X－axis stroke （Note 1） | $\begin{gathered} 105: 1050 \mathrm{~mm} \\ 415: 4155 \mathrm{~mm} \end{gathered}$ |
| （2） | Y－axis stroke （Note 1） | $\begin{gathered} 20: 200 \mathrm{~mm} \\ 40: 400 \mathrm{~mm} \end{gathered}$ |
| （3） | Z－axis stroke <br> （Note 1） | $\begin{gathered} 10: 100 \mathrm{~mm} \\ 30: 300 \mathrm{~mm} \end{gathered}$ |
| （4） | Cable Length （Note 2） | $\begin{gathered} 3 \mathrm{~L}: 3 \mathrm{~m} \\ 5 \mathrm{~L}: 5 \mathrm{~m} \\ \square \mathrm{~L}: \square \mathrm{m} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| （5） | Y／Z－axis cable wiring | CT ：Cable track |

The above

## Options

Specify each applicable option code after the stroke of each axis
If you are selecting multiple options，specify them in an alphabetical order．

| Name | Model | Reference page | Remarks |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AQ seal | AQ | P53 | Standard Feature on $Y / Z$－axes |
| Brake | B | P53 | Limited to $Y /$－axes $(Z$ standard $)$ |
| Creep sensor | C | P53 | Limited to $Y / Z$－axes |
| Home limit switch | L | P53 | Standard Feature on $X$－axis |
| Opposite home specification | NM | P53 | Limited to $Y /$－axes $($ standard） |

## Common Specifications

| Drive method | X－axis：Linear servo motor |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Y－axis：Ball screw，rolled，C5 equivalent |
| Positioning repeatability | X－axis：$\pm 0.005 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
|  | Y－axis：$\pm 0.01 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Lost motion | O．02 mm or less |
|  | X－axis：Linear guide |
|  | Y／Z－axis：Guide integrated with the base |
| Base | X－axis：Material：Aluminum with black alumite treatment |
|  | Y／Z－axis：Material：Aluminum with white alumite treatment |
| X－axis motor output／lead | Equivalent to $400 \mathrm{~W} /$（none） |
| Y－axis motor output／lead | $200 \mathrm{~W} / 20 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Z－axis motor output／lead | $200 \mathrm{~W} / 10 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

Component Axes

| Component Axes | Model |
| :---: | :---: |
| X－axis | LSA－W21SS－I－400－（Stroke）－T2－L－（1） |
| Y－axis | ISPA－MYM－I－200－20－（Stroke）－T2－AQ |
| Z－axis | ISPA－MXM－I－200－10－（Stroke）－T2－AQ－B－NM |

＊Enter NT1 or NT2 into （7）above．
NT1：Enter for cartesian combination direction 1 or 3
NT2：Enter for cartesian combination direction 2 or 4
Note）Nut rotation and large linear motor type require a cable track even for single－axis use， but when combined with cartesian robot，they use a different cable track．In this case the specification will be for no cable track（NT1 or NT2）．

|  | （Note 1）Strokes are indicated in cm （centimeters）in model names． <br> （Note 2）The cable length indicates the length from the X －axis connector box to the <br> controller．Although the standard cable is 3 m or 5 m long，other lengths can <br> be specified in units of meters．The maximum cable length is 20 m ． |
| :--- | :--- |
| Caution | （Note 3）The rated acceleration is 1 G for the X －axis and 0.3 G for the Y －axis and Z － <br> axis．Although the Y －axis can operate at accelerations of up to 1 G ，in－ <br> creasing the acceration decreases the load capacity．（Contact IAl for load <br> capacities at higher accelerations．） |

ICSPA3-B1L $\square$ HS3M

## Load Capacity (kg)

$\square$ B1L $\square$ HS3M

|  |  | Y -axis Stroke |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 200 | 250 | 300 | 350 | 400 |
| $\stackrel{\text { O}}{8}$ | 100 | 11.5 | 10.2 |  | 7.6 | 5.3 |
| - | $\sim 200$ | 10.5 | 9.2 |  | 6.6 | 4.3 |
| N | $\sim 300$ | 9.5 | 8.2 |  | 5.5 | 3.3 |

## Maximum Speed by Stroke (mm/s)

|  | Stroke |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 100 | 200 | 300 | 400 | $1050 \sim 4155$ |
|  | - | - | - | - | 2500 |
|  | - | 1200 |  |  |  |
|  | 600 |  |  |  |  |

## Dimensions

You can download CAD
drawings from our website.
ME: Mechanical end
ME: Mechanical
SE: Stroke end
2D


Section view of cablen * The dimensions in parentheses apply ※ The dimensions in parentheses apply
to the cable track between Y and Z .

$\mathrm{C}-\varphi 9$, through

| X Stroke | 1050 | 1185 | 1320 | 1455 | 1590 | 1725 | 1860 | 1995 | 2130 | 2265 | 2400 | 2535 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 205 | 72.5 | 140 | 207.5 | 75 | 142.5 | 210 | 77.5 | 145 | 212.5 | 80 | 147.5 |
| B | 5 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 13 | 13 |
| C | 12 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 28 | 28 |
| D | 105 | 172.5 | 40 | 107.5 | 175 | 42.5 | 110 | 177.5 | 45 | 112.5 | 180 | 47.5 |
| E | 6 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 14 |
| F | 14 | 14 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 30 |
| G | 1200 | 1200 | 1600 | 1600 | 1600 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2400 | 2400 | 2400 | 2800 |


| X Stroke | 2670 | 2805 | 2940 | 3075 | 3210 | 3345 | 3480 | 3615 | 3750 | 3885 | 4020 | 4155 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 215 | 82.5 | 150 | 217.5 | 85 | 152.5 | 220 | 87.5 | 155 | 222.5 | 90 | 157.5 |
| B | 13 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 17 | 17 | 17 | 19 | 19 | 19 | 21 | 21 |
| C | 28 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 44 | 44 |
| D | 115 | 182.5 | 50 | 117.5 | 185 | 52.5 | 120 | 187.5 | 55 | 122.5 | 190 | 57.5 |
| E | 14 | 14 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 22 |
| F | 30 | 30 | 34 | 34 | 34 | 38 | 38 | 38 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 46 |
| G | 2800 | 2800 | 3200 | 3200 | 3200 | 3600 | 3600 | 3600 | 4000 | 4000 | 4000 | 4400 |



## Model Details

| Encoder Type | XY combination direction (*) | Model** |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Incremental | 1 | ICSPA4-B2L1H-I- (1)L- (2)AQ-T2- 3-4 |

to the figure below for the XY combination directions.
** Refer to the table on the right for the details of (1)to (4) in the model names shown above.

Explanation of Model Codes

| No. | Description | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (1) | X-axis stroke (Note 1) | $\begin{gathered} 73: 730 \mathrm{~mm} \\ 383: 3835 \mathrm{~mm} \end{gathered}$ |
| (2) | Y -axis stroke (Note 1) | $20: 200 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| (3) | Cable Length (Note 2) | 3L: 3m <br> 5L: 5m <br> $\square \mathrm{L}: \square \mathrm{m}$ |
| (4) | Y-axis cable wiring | CT : Cable track |

* The above explains the details of (1) to (4) in the model names shown to the left.


## XY Combination Direction



Component Axes

| Component Axes | Model |
| :---: | :---: |
| X-axis | LSA-W21SM-I-400 - (Stroke) -T2-L-NT-1 |
| Y1-axis | ISPA-MYM-I-200-20- (Stroke)-T2-AQ |
| Y2-axis | ISPA-MYM-I-200-20- (Stroke)-T2-AQ |

Note) Nut rotation and large linear motor type require a cable track even for single-axis use but when combined with cartesian robot, they use a different cable track. In this case the specification will be for no cable track (NT1 or NT2)

## Options

Specify each applicable option code after the stroke of each axis.
If you are selecting multiple options, specify them in an alphabetical order.

| Name | Model | Referencepage | Remarks |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AQ seal | AQ | P53 | Standard Feature on Y-axis |
| Brake | B | P53 | Limited to Y-axis |
| Creep sensor | C | P53 | Limited to Y-axis |
| Home limit switch | L | P53 | Standard Feature on X-axis |
| Opposite home spedication | NM | P53 | Limited to Y-axis |

Common Spedications

| Drive method | X-axis: Linear servo motor |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Y-axis: Ball screw, rolled, C5 equivalent |
| Positioning repeatability | X-axis: $\pm 0.005 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
|  | Y-axis: $\pm 0.01 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Lost motion | 0.02 mm or less |
| Guide | X-axis: Linear guide |
|  | Y-axis: Guide integrated with the base |
| Base | X-axis: Material: Aluminum with black alumite treatment |
|  | Y-axis: Material: Aluminum with white alumite treatment |
| X-axis motor output/lead | Equivalent to $400 \mathrm{~W} /($ none $)$ |
| Y-axis motor output/lead | $200 \mathrm{~W} / 20 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

Maximum Speed by Stroke (mm/s)

|  | 200 | 300 | 400 | $730 \sim 3835$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| X-axis | - | - | - | 2500 |
| Y-axis | 1200 |  |  |  |

Load Capacity by Acceleration (kg) (note 3)


$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { (Note 1) Strokes are indicated in } \mathrm{cm} \text { (centimeters) in model names. } \\
& \text { (Note 2) The cable length indicates the length from the } \mathrm{X} \text {-axis connector box to the } \\
& \text { controller. Although the standard cable is } 3 \mathrm{~m} \text { or } 5 \mathrm{~m} \text { long, other lengths can } \\
& \text { be specified in units of meters. The maximum cable length is } 20 \mathrm{~m} \text {. } \\
& \text { (Note 3) The rated acceleration is } 1 \mathrm{G} \text { for the } \mathrm{X} \text {-axis and } 0.3 \mathrm{G} \text { for the } \mathrm{Y} \text {-axis. } \\
& \text { Although the } \mathrm{Y} \text {-axis can operate at accelerations of up to } 1 \mathrm{G} \text {, increasing } \\
& \text { the acceleration decreases the load capacity. (Contact IAI for load capaci- } \\
& \text { ties at higher accelerations.) }
\end{aligned}
$$

## ICSPA4-B2L $\square$ H



| X Stroke | 730 | 865 | 1000 | 1135 | 1270 | 1405 | 1540 | 1675 | 1810 | 1945 | 2080 | 2215 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 205 | 72.5 | 140 | 207.5 | 75 | 142.5 | 210 | 77.5 | 145 | 212.5 | 80 | 147.5 |
| B | 5 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 13 | 13 |
| C | 12 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 28 | 28 |
| D | 105 | 172.5 | 40 | 107.5 | 175 | 42.5 | 110 | 177.5 | 45 | 112.5 | 180 | 47.5 |
| E | 6 | 6 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 14 |
| F | 14 | 14 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 30 |
| G | 1200 | 1200 | 1600 | 1600 | 1600 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2400 | 2400 | 2400 | 2800 |


| X Stroke | 2350 | 2485 | 2620 | 2755 | 2890 | 3025 | 3160 | 3295 | 3430 | 3565 | 3700 | 3835 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 215 | 82.5 | 150 | 217.5 | 85 | 152.5 | 220 | 87.5 | 155 | 222.5 | 90 | 157.5 |
| B | 13 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 17 | 17 | 17 | 19 | 19 | 19 | 21 | 21 |
| C | 28 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 44 | 44 |
| D | 115 | 182.5 | 50 | 117.5 | 185 | 52.5 | 120 | 187.5 | 55 | 122.5 | 190 | 57.5 |
| E | 14 | 14 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 22 |
| F | 30 | 30 | 34 | 34 | 34 | 38 | 38 | 38 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 46 |
| G | 2800 | 2800 | 3200 | 3200 | 3200 | 3600 | 3600 | 3600 | 4000 | 4000 | 4000 | 4400 |



| Encoder Type | XY combination direction (*) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Z-axis speed } \\ & \text { type } \end{aligned}$ | Model** |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Incremental | 1 | H |  |
|  |  | M | ICSPA6-B2L1HB3M-I- (1)L- (2)AQ- (3)AQB-T2- (4)-(5) |

${ }^{\star}$ Refer to the figure below for the XY combination directions.
** Refer to the table on the right for the details of (1) 0 国 in the model names shown above.

Explanation of Model Codes

| No. | Description | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $(1)$ | X-axis stroke <br> (Note 1) | $73: 730 \mathrm{~mm}$ <br> $383: 3835 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| $(2)$ | Y-axis stroke <br> (Note 1) | $20: 200 \mathrm{~mm}$ <br> $40: 400 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| $(3)$ | Z-axis stroke <br> (Note 1) | $10: 100 \mathrm{~mm}$ <br> 40 |
| $(4)$ | Cable Length <br> (Note 2) | $3 \mathrm{~L}: 3 \mathrm{~mm}$ <br> $5 \mathrm{~L}: 5 \mathrm{~m}$ <br> $\square \mathrm{~L}: \square \mathrm{m}$ |
| $(5)$ | Y/Z-axis cable <br> wiring | CT:Cable track |

The above explains the details of (9) to 囵 in the model names shown to the left.

## XY Combination Direction



## Options

Specify each applicable option code after the stroke of each axis.
f you are selecting multiple options, specify them in an alphabetical order

| Name | Model | Reference page | Remarks |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AQ seal | AQ | P53 | Standard Feature on $Y / Z$-axes |
| Brake | B | P53 | Limited to $Y /$-axes $Z$ standard) |
| Creep sensor | C | P53 | Limited to $Y / Z$-axes |
| Home limit switch | L | P53 | Standard Feature on $X$-axis |
| Opposite home specification | NM | P53 | Limited to $Y /$-axes $(Z$ standard) |

## Common Specifications

| Drive method | X-axis: Linear servo motor |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Y-axis: Ball screw, rolled, C5 equivalent |
| Positioning repeatability | X-axis: $\pm 0.005 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
|  | Y-axis: $\pm 0.01 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Lost motion | O.02 mm or less |
| Guide | X-axis: Linear guide |
|  | Y/Z-axis: Guide integrated with the base |
| Base | X-axis: Material: Aluminum with black alumite treatment |
|  | Y/Z-axis: Material: Aluminum with white alumite treatment |
| X-axis motor output/lead | Equivalent to $400 \mathrm{~W} /($ none $)$ |
| Y-axis motor output/lead | 2OO $\mathrm{W} / 20 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Z-axis motor output/lead | $200 \mathrm{~W} / 20 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{(10} \mathrm{mm)}$ |

* The value in parentheses applies to the $Z$-axis medium-speed specification.
Component Axes

| Component Axes | Model |
| :---: | :--- |
| X-axis | LSA-W21SM-I-400- (Stroke)-T2-L-NT1 |
| Y1-axis | ISPA-MYM-I-200-20- (Stroke)-T2-AQ |
| Y2-axis | ISPA-MYM-I-200-20- (Stroke)-T2-AQ |
| Z1-axis | ISPA-MXM-I-200-20 (10)-(Stroke)-T2-AQ-B |
| Z2-axis | ISPA-MXM-I-200-20 (10)-(Stroke)-T2-AQ-B |


| (Note 1) Strokes are indicated in cm (centimeters) in model names. |
| :--- | :--- |
| (Note 2) The cable length indicates the length from the X -axis connector box to the |
| controller. Although the standard cable is 3 m or 5 m long, other lengths can |
| be specified in units of meters. The maximum cable length is 20 m . |
| Caution and Z - |
| (Note 3) The rated acceleration is 1 G for the X -axis and 0.3 G for the Y -axis and <br> axis. Although the Y -axis can operate at accelerations of up to 1 G , in- <br> creasing the acceleration decreases the load capacity. (Contact IAI for load <br> capacities at higher accelerations.) |

Note) Nut rotation and large linear motor type require a cable track even for single-axis use but when combined with cartesian robot, they use a different cable track. In this case the specification will be for no cable track (NT1 or NT2).

ICSPA6-B2L1HB3

Load Capacity (kg)
■ ${ }^{-} 2 L 1 H B 3 H$

|  |  | Y-axis Stroke |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 200 | 250 | 300 | 350 | 400 |
|  | 100 | 9.0 |  |  | 7.2 | 5.0 |
|  | $\sim 200$ | 9.0 |  |  | 6.3 | 4.0 |
|  | $\sim 300$ | 9.0 |  |  | 5.3 | 3.0 |
|  | $\sim 400$ | 8.2 |  |  | 4.3 | 2.0 |

## Maximum Speed by Stroke (mm/s)

■ $\quad$ 2L1HB3H

|  | Stroke |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 100 | 200 | 300 | 400 | $730 \sim 3835$ |
|  | - | - | - | - | 2500 |
|  | - | 1200 |  |  |  |
|  | 1200 |  |  |  |  |

■B2L1HB3M

|  |  | Y -axis Stroke |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 200 | 250 | 300 | 350 | 400 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{0}{0} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\omega} \\ & \text { N } \\ & \stackrel{y}{x} \\ & \underset{\sim}{n} \end{aligned}$ | 100 | 11.2 | 9.0 |  | 7.2 | 5.0 |
|  | $\sim 200$ | 10.2 | 8.9 |  | 6.3 | 4.0 |
|  | $\sim 300$ | 9.2 | 7.9 |  | 5.3 | 3.0 |
|  | $\sim 400$ | 8.2 | 6.9 |  | 4.3 | 2.0 |

■B2L1HB3M

|  | Stroke |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 100 | 200 | 300 | 400 | $730 \sim 3835$ |
|  | - | - | - | - | 2500 |
|  | - | 1200 |  |  |  |
|  | 600 |  |  |  |  |




## Model Details

| Encoder Type | XY combination direction (*) | Z-axis speed type | Model** |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Incremental | 1 | M |  |

* Refer to the figure below for the XY combination directions.
** Refer to the table on the right for the details of (1)to 5 in the model names shown above.

Explanation of Model Codes

| No. | Description | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (1) | X-axis stroke <br> (Note 1) | $\begin{gathered} 73: 730 \mathrm{~mm} \\ \mathrm{~s} \\ 383: 3835 \mathrm{~mm} \end{gathered}$ |
| (2) | Y -axis stroke (Note 1) | $\begin{gathered} 20: 200 \mathrm{~mm} \\ 40: 400 \mathrm{~mm} \end{gathered}$ |
| (3) | Z-axis stroke (Note 1) | $\begin{gathered} 10: 100 \mathrm{~mm} \\ 30: 300 \mathrm{~mm} \end{gathered}$ |
| (4) | Cable Length (Note 2) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3L: } 3 \mathrm{~m} \\ & 5 \mathrm{~L}: 5 \mathrm{~m} \\ & \square \mathrm{~L}: \square \mathrm{m} \end{aligned}$ |
| (5) | Y/Z-axis cable wiring | CT : Cable track |

* The above explains the details of (1) to (5) in the model names shown to the left.


## XY Combination Direction



## Options

Specify each applicable option code after the stroke of each axis.
If you are selecting multiple options, specify them in an alphabetical order.

| Name | Model | Reference page | Remarks |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AQ seal | AQ | P53 | Standard Feature on YZ-axes |
| Brake | B | P53 | Limited to Y YZ-axes (Z standard) |
| Creep sensor | C | P53 | Limited to Y/Z-axes |
| Home limit switch | L | P53 | Standard Feature on $X$-axis |
| Opposite home specification | NM | P53 | Limited to YIZ-axes (Z standard) |

## Common Spedications

| Drive method | X-axis: Linear servo motor |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Y-axis: Ball screw, rolled, C5 equivalent |
| Positioning repeatability | X-axis: $\pm 0.005 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
|  | Y-axis: $\pm 0.01 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Lost motion | 0.02 mm or less |
| Guide | X-axis: Linear guide |
|  | Y/Z-axis: Guide integrated with the base |
| Base | X-axis: Material: Aluminum with black alumite treatment |
|  | Y/Z-axis: Material: Aluminum with white alumite treatment |
| X-axis motor output/lead | Equivalent to $400 \mathrm{~W} /($ none $)$ |
| Y-axis motor output/lead | $200 \mathrm{~W} / 20 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Z-axis motor output/lead | $200 \mathrm{~W} / 10 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

## Component Axes

| Component Axes | Model |
| :---: | :---: |
| X-axis | LSA-W21SM-I-400- (stroke) -T2-L-NT1 |
| Y1-axis | ISPA-MYM-I-200-20- (stroke)-T2-AQ |
| Y2-axis | ISPA-MYM-I-200-20- (stroke)-T2-AQ |
| Z1-axis | ISPA-MZM-I-200-10- (stroke)-T2-AQ-B-NM |
| Z2-axis | ISPA-MZM-I-200-10- (stroke)-T2-AQ-B-NM |


|  | (Note 1) Strokes are indicated in cm (centimeters) in model names. <br> (Note 2) The cable length indicates the length from the X -axis connector box to the <br> controller. Although the standard cable is 3 m or 5 m long, other lengths can <br> be specified in units of meters. The maximum cable length is 20 m . |
| :--- | :--- |
| Caution(Note 3) The rated acceleration is 1 G for the X -axis and 0.3 G for the Y -axis and <br> Z-axis. Although the Y -axis can operate at accelerations of up to 1 G , in- <br> creasing the acceleration decreases the load capacity. (Contact IAI for load <br> capacities at higher accelerations.) |  |

Note) Nut rotation and large linear motor type require a cable track even for single-axis use, but when combined with cartesian robot, they use a different cable track. In this case,
the specification will be for no cable track (NT1 or NT2).

## ICSPA6-B2L1HS3M

## Load Capacity (kg)

B2L1HS3M

|  |  | Y -axis Stroke |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 200 | 250 | 300 | 350 | 400 |
| 잉 | 100 | 11.5 | 10.2 |  | 7.6 | 5.3 |
| $\stackrel{\square}{\square}$ | ~200 | 10.5 | 9.2 |  | 6.6 | 4.3 |
| $\stackrel{\text { N }}{ }$ | ~300 | 9.5 | 8.2 |  | 5.5 | 3.3 |

Maximum Speed by Stroke (mm/s)
■B2L1HS3M

|  | Stroke |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 100 | 200 | 300 | 400 | $730 \sim 3835$ |
| X-axis | - | - | - | - | 2500 |
| Y-axis | - | 1200 |  |  |  |
| Z-axis |  |  |  |  |  |



## Explanation of Actuator Options

AQ Seal [Standard Feature] *This option cannot be installed on large linear motors.
AQ
The AQ seal is a lubrication unit that uses a lubricating member made by resin-hardened lubricating oil. As the AQ seal contacts the guide and ball screw, lubricating oil is supplied. This, combined with regular greasing, will keep the actuator maintenance-free for a long period.

Brake [Standard feature on Z-axes] *This option cannot be installed on large linear motors.

## Model <br> B

Explanation The brake is a holding mechanism that prevents the Z-axis slider or Z-axis itself from dropping to cause damage to the load when the power or servo is turned off. The Z-axis of each Cartesian robot comes standard with the brake.

Creep Sensor

## Model C

Explanation This sensor is used on actuators of incremental specifications to shorten the time of home return operation by allowing the slider to move at high speed during home return until just before the home, and then reduce the speed to the normal home return speed once the sensor is passed. The creep sensor is installed inside the actuator housing on NS actuators. It is installed on the side face of the housing on ISPA actuators.

Home Limit Switch [Standard feature on large linear motors]

## Model

Explanation
NS and ISPA actuators adopt the "push-motion method" for their home return operation, whereby the home is established upon sensing of phase Z after the slider has contacted the stopper and reversed. This optional home limit switch is used to reverse the slider during home return based on a proximity sensor signal, instead of slider contact with the stopper. Large linear motors come standard with the home limit switch.

Opposite Home Specification

## Model <br> NM

Explanation
On the standard specification, the home is set on the motor side (on the NS and LSA, the motor side means the side corresponding to the reamed holes in the base). However, you can specify the home to be set on the opposite side. (To change the home direction, the encoder must be adjusted. Accordingly, be sure to specify the opposite home option when placing your order. Note that multi-slider types do not support the opposite home specification.)

Guide with Ball Retention Mechanism [Standard feature] *This option cannot be installed on large linear motors.

## Model RT

Explanation This ball retention mechanism achieves a long period of maintenance-free operation and longer life, thanks to the spacers inserted between the balls (steel balls) in the guide to suppress collision between the balls. NS actuators come standard with the guide with ball retention mechanism.

List of Options by Axis

|  | NS Actuator | ISPA Actuator | LSA Actuator |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AQ seal | Standard feature | Standard feature | - |
| Brake | $-\left({ }^{*} 1\right)$ | 0 | - |
| Creep sensor | 0 | 0 | - |
| Home limit switch | 0 | 0 | Standard feature |
| Opposite home specifikation | $-(* 2)$ | 0 | $-\left({ }^{*} 2\right)$ |
| Guide with ball retention mechanism | Standard feature | 0 | - |

[^1]

Model List/Prices
A program controller capable of operating linear axes. Various controls can be performed with a single unit.

| Type | C |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name | Program mode | Positioner mode |
| Exterior View |  |  |
| Description | The controller can communicate with the actuator and external devices without requiring any additional device. When two axes are operated, this controller lets you perform arc interpolation, path operation and synchronized operation. | Up to 20000 positioning points are supported. <br> Push-motion operation and teaching operation are also possible. |
| Numberof Positions | 20000 |  |

Explanation


## System Configuration



## //O Specifications

$\square$ Input External Input Specifications

| Item | Specification |
| :--- | :--- |
| Input voltage | DC 24 V $\pm$ V10\% |
| Input current | 7 mA per circuit |
| ON/OFF | ON voltage (min.) |
| voltages | OFF voltage (max.) |
| Insulation method | Photo coupler |



DOutput External Output Specifications

| Item | Item |
| :--- | :--- |
| Load voltage | DC 24 V |
| Maximum load current | 100 mA per point, total 400 mA for 8 points |
| Leak current (max.) | Max. 0.1 mA per point |
| Insulation method | Photo-coupler |



## Explanation of I/O Functions

The SSEL controller can be operated in the "program mode" where the actuator is operated by a program input to the controller, or "positioner mode" where the actuator is moved to the positions specified by signals received from a host PLC.
The positioner mode includes the five input patterns shown below to support various applications.

■ Functions by Controller Type

| Operation mode |  | Features |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Program mode |  | Super SEL, a language that enables programming of complex controls using simple commands, lets you perform linear/smooth interpolation operation, path movement operation ideal for coating application, etc., arch motion/palletizing operation, and many other operations with ease. |
| Positioner mode | Standard mode | The basic operation mode, where all you need is to a specify position number and input a start signal. Push-motion operation and 2-axis linear interpolation operation are also supported. |
|  | Type-switching mode | In certain applications such as when multiple loads of the same shape but slightly different hole positions are handled, you can issue movement commands to the same position number by changing only the type number. |
|  | 2-axis independent mode | With a 2-axis controller, the two axes can be operated independently using separate commands. |
|  | Teaching mode | The slider(rod) can be moved with an external signal to register the stopped position as position.data |
|  | DS-S-C1 compatible mode | If you have been using a DS-S-C1 controller, you can replace it with an SSEL controller without having to change the host programs.* Compatibility with actuators is not assured. |

## Explanation of I/O Functions

## Program Mode

| PIN No. | Category | Port No. | Program mode | Function | Wiring diagram (NPN)* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1A | P24 | - | 24-V input | Connect 24-V. |  |
| 1B | Input | 016 | Program No. 1 selection | Select the program number corresponding to the program you want to start. (Specify a desired port from 016 to 022 using a BCD code.) | - |
| 2A |  | 017 | Program No. 2 selection |  | - |
| 2B |  | 018 | Program No. 4 selection |  | $\bullet$ |
| 3A |  | 019 | Program No. 8 selection |  | - |
| 3B |  | 020 | Program No. 10 selection |  |  |
| 4A |  | 021 | Program No. 20 selection |  | - |
| 4B |  | 022 | Program No. 40 selection |  | $\bigcirc$ |
| 5A |  | 023 | CPU reset | The system is reset and enters the same state achieved when the power has been turned off and then turned back on. | $\cdots$ |
| 5B |  | 000 | Start | The program corresponding to the selected port between Nos. 016 and 022 is started. |  |
| 6A |  | 001 | General-purpose input |  | $\cdots$ |
| 6B |  | 002 | General-purpose input |  |  |
| 7 A |  | 003 | General-purpose input |  | $\cdots$ |
| 7B |  | 004 | General-purpose input |  |  |
| 8A |  | 005 | General-purpose input |  | $\cdots$ |
| 8B |  | 006 | General-purpose input |  |  |
| 9A |  | 007 | General-purpose input |  | - |
| 9B |  | 008 | General-purpose input |  |  |
| 10A |  | 009 | General-purpose input |  |  |
| 10B |  | 010 | General-purpose input |  |  |
| 11A |  | 011 | General-purpose input |  | - |
| 11B |  | 012 | General-purpose input |  |  |
| 12A |  | 013 | General-purpose input |  |  |
| 12B |  | 014 | General-purpose input |  |  |
| 13A |  | 015 | General-purpose input |  | - |
| 13B | Output | 300 | Alarm | This signal is output when an alarm has occurred. (Contact B) |  |
| 14A |  | 301 | Ready | This signal is output when the controller has started properly and become ready. | - |
| 14B |  | 302 | General-purpose input | These signals can be turned ON/OFF freely using program commands . |  |
| 15A |  | 303 | General-purpose input |  |  |
| 15B |  | 304 | General-purpose input |  |  |
| 16A |  | 305 | General-purpose input |  | - - |
| 16B |  | 306 | General-purpose input |  |  |
| 17A |  | 307 | General-purpose input |  |  |
| 17B | N | - | OV input | Connect OV. |  |

## Standard Positioner Mode

| PIN No. | Category | Port No. | Program mode | Function | Wiring diagram (NPN)* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1A | P24 |  | 24-V input | Connect 24 V . |  |
| 1B | Input | 016 | Position input 10 | Use one of port Nos. 007 to 019 to specify the position number corresponding to the position to move the actuator to. The value can be specified by either a BCD code or binary code. |  |
| 2A |  | 017 | Position input 11 |  | $\bullet \square$ |
| 2B |  | 018 | Position input 12 |  | $\bigcirc$ |
| 3A |  | 019 | Position input 13 |  |  |
| 3B |  | 020 | Position input 14 | - |  |
| 4A |  | 021 | Position input 15 | - |  |
| 4B |  | 022 | Position input 16 | - |  |
| 5A |  | 023 | Error reset | This signal resets minor errors. (To reset major errors, the power must be reconnected.) |  |
| 5B |  | 000 | Start | The actuator starts moving to the position corresponding to the selected position number. |  |
| 6A |  | 001 | Home return | The actuator returns home. |  |
| 6B |  | 002 | Servo ON | The servo is turned ON/OFF. |  |
| 7A |  | 003 | Push motion | Push-motion operation is performed. |  |
| 7 B |  | 004 | Pause | The actuator pauses when this signal turn OFF, and resumes operation when the signal is turned ON. |  |
| 8A |  | 005 | Cancel | The actuator stops when this signal turns OFF, and the remaining operation is cancelled. |  |
| 8B |  | 006 | Interpolation setting | With a 2-axis system, the axes move via linear interpolation when this signal is ON. |  |
| 9 A |  | 007 | Position input 1 | Use one of port Nos. 007 to 019 to specify the position number corresponding to the position to move the a ctuator to. The value can be specified by either a BCD code or binary code. |  |
| 9B |  | 008 | Position input 2 |  |  |
| 10A |  | 009 | Position input 3 |  |  |
| 10B |  | 010 | Position input 4 |  |  |
| 11A |  | 011 | Position input 5 |  |  |
| 11B |  | 012 | Position input 6 |  |  |
| 12A |  | 013 | Position input 7 |  |  |
| 12B |  | 014 | Position input 8 |  | $\bigcirc$ |
| 13A |  | 015 | Position input 9 |  |  |
| 13B | Output | 300 | Alarm | This signal is output when an alarm has occurred. (Contact B) |  |
| 14A |  | 301 | Ready | This signal is output when the controller has started properly and become ready. |  |
| 14B |  | 302 | Positioning complete | This signal is output when movement to the specified position is completed. |  |
| 15A |  | 303 | Home return complete | This signal is output when home return is completed. | 8 |
| 15B |  | 304 | Servo ON output | This signal is output while the servo is ON. |  |
| 16A |  | 305 | Push-motion complete | This signal is output when push-motion operation is completed. |  |
| 16B |  | 306 | System battery error | This signal is output when the system battery voltage has dropped (to the warning level). |  |
| 17A |  | 307 | Absolute battery error | This signal is output when the absolute battery voltage has dropped (to the warning level). | - |
| 17B | N |  | 0 V input | Connect OV. |  |

## Explanation of I/O Functions

## Type-switching Positioner Mode

| PIN No. | Category | Port No. | Program mode | Function | Wiring diagram (NPN)* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1A | P24 |  | 24-V input | Connect 24-V. |  |
| 1B |  | 016 | Position/type input 10 |  |  |
| 2A |  | 017 | Position/type input 11 |  | $\cdots$ |
| 2B |  | 018 | Position/type input 12 | to the position to move the actuator to, and another to specify the type number. | $\bigcirc$ |
| 3A |  | 019 | Position/type input 13 | Position numbers and type numbers are assigned using parameters. | $\cdots$ |
| 3B |  | 020 | Position/type input 14 | The value can be specified by either a BCD code or binary code. | $\bigcirc$ |
| 4A |  | 021 | Position/type input 15 |  |  |
| 4B |  | 022 | Position/type input 16 |  |  |
| 5A |  | 023 | Error reset | This signal resets minor errors. (To reset major errors, the power must be reconnected.) |  |
| 5B |  | 000 | Start | The actuator starts moving to the position corresponding to the selected position number. | - |
| 6A |  | 001 | Home return | The actuator returns home. |  |
| 6B |  | 002 | Servo ON | The servo is turned ON/OFF. |  |
| 7A | Input | 003 | Push motion | Push-motion operation is performed |  |
| 7 B |  | 004 | Pause | The actuator pauses when this signal turn OFF , and resumes operation when the signa is turned ON . |  |
| 8A |  | 005 | Cancel | The actuator stops when this signal turns OFF, and the remaining operation is cancelled. |  |
| 8B |  | 006 | Interpolation setting | With a 2-axis system, the axes move via linear interpolation when this signal is ON. |  |
| 9A |  | 007 | Position/type input 1 |  |  |
| 9B |  | 008 | Position/type input 2 |  | $\bigcirc$ |
| 10A |  | 009 | Position/type input 3 | Use one of port Nos. 007 to 022 to specify the position number corresponding |  |
| 10B |  | 010 | Position/type input 4 | to the position to move the actuator to, and another to specify the type number. | $\bigcirc$ |
| 11A |  | 011 | Position/type input 5 | Position numbers and type numbers are assigned using parameters. | $\cdots$ |
| 11B |  | 012 | Position/type input 6 | The value can be specified by either a BCD code or binary code. | $\bigcirc$ |
| 12A |  | 013 | Position/type input 7 |  |  |
| 12B |  | 014 | Position/type input 8 |  |  |
| 13A |  | 015 | Position/type input 9 |  |  |
| 13B |  | 300 | Alarm | This signal is output when an alarm has occurred. (Contact B) |  |
| 14A |  | 301 | Ready | This signal is output when the controller has started properly and become ready. | 5 |
| 14B |  | 302 | Positioning complete | This signal is output when movement to the specified position is completed. |  |
| 15A | Output | 303 | Home return complete | This signal is output when home return is completed. |  |
| 15B |  | 304 | Servo ON output | This signal is output while the servo is ON. |  |
| 16A |  | 305 | Push-motion complete | This signal is output when push-motion operation is completed. | - |
| 16B |  | 306 | System battery error | This signal is output when the system battery voltage has dropped (to the warning level). |  |
| 17A |  | 307 | Absolute battery error | This signal is output when the absolute battery voltage has dropped (to the warning level). | -6 |
| 17B | N | - | 0 V input | Connect OV. |  |

## 2-axis Independent Positioner Mode

| PIN No. | Category | Port No. | Program mode | Function | Wiring diagram (NPN)* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1A | P24 |  | $24-\mathrm{V}$ input | Connect 24-V. |  |
| 1B | Input | 016 | Position/type input 7 | Use any of port Nos. 010 to 022 to specify the position number corresponding to the position to move the actuator to. Assignment of position numbers for axes 1 and 2 is set using parameters. The value can be specified by either a BCD code or binary code. |  |
| 2A |  | 017 | Position/type input 8 |  |  |
| 2B |  | 018 | Position/type input 9 |  |  |
| 3A |  | 019 | Position/type input 10 |  |  |
| 3B |  | 020 | Position/type input 11 |  | $\bullet$ - |
| 4A |  | 021 | Position/type input 12 |  |  |
| 4B |  | 022 | Position/type input 13 |  |  |
| 5A |  | 023 | Error reset | This signal resets minor errors. (To reset major errors, the power must be reconnected.) |  |
| 5B |  | 000 | Start 1 | Axis 1 starts moving to the position corresponding to the selected position number. |  |
| 6A |  | 001 | Home return 1 | Axis 1 returns home. |  |
| 6B |  | 002 | Servo ON 1 | The servo of axis 1 is turned ON/OFF. |  |
| 7A |  | 003 | Pause 1 | Axis 1 pauses when this signal turns OFF, and resumes the remaining operation when the signal turns ON. |  |
| 7 B |  | 004 | Cancel 1 | The movement of axis 2 is cancelled. |  |
| 8A |  | 005 | Start 2 | Axis 2 starts moving to the position corresponding to the selected position number. |  |
| 8B |  | 006 | Home return 2 | Axis 2 returns home. |  |
| 9A |  | 007 | Servo ON 2 | The servo of axis 2 is turned ON/OFF. |  |
| 9 B |  | 008 | Pause 2 | Axis 2 pauses when this signal turns OFF, and resumes the remaining operation when the signal turn ON. |  |
| 10A |  | 009 | Cancel 2 | The movement of axis 2 is cancelled. |  |
| 10B |  | 010 | Position input 1 |  |  |
| 11A |  | 011 | Position input 2 | Use any of port Nos. 010 to 022 to specify the position number corresponding to the position to move the actuator to. Assignment of position numbers for | $\cdots \square$ |
| 118 |  | 012 | Position input 3 |  |  |
| 12A |  | 013 | Position input 4 | a BCD code or binary code. |  |
| 12B |  | 014 | Position input 5 |  |  |
| 13A |  | 015 300 | Position input 6 |  |  |
| 13B | Output | 300 | Alarm | This signal is output when an alarm has occurred. (Contact B) |  |
| 14A |  | 301 | Ready | This signal is output when the controller has started properly and become ready. |  |
| 14B |  | 302 | Positioning complete 1 | This signal is output when axis 1 completes its movement to the speciified position. |  |
| 15A |  | 303 | Home return complete 1 | This signal is output when axis 1 completes its home return. | - |
| 15B |  | 304 | Servo ON output 1 | This signal is output while the servo of axis 1 is ON . |  |
| 16A |  | 305 | Positioning complete 2 | This signal is output when axis 2 completes its movement to the specifited position. | - |
| 16B |  | 306 | Home return complete 2 | This signal is output when axis 2 completes its home return. |  |
| 17A |  | 307 | Servo ON output 2 | This signal is output while the servo of axis 2 is ON . | - 0 |
| 17B | N |  | OV input | Connect OV. |  |

## Explanation of I/O Functions

## Teaching Positioner Mode

| PIN No. | Category | Port No. | Program mode | Function | Wiring diagram (NPN)* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1A | P24 |  | 24-V input | Connect 24 V |  |
| 1 B | Input | 016 | Axis 1 JOG- | Axis 1 moves in the negative dire ction while this signal is input. |  |
| 2A |  | 017 | Axis $2 \mathrm{JOG}+$ | Axis 2 moves in the positive direction while this signal is input. |  |
| 2 B |  | 018 | Axis 2 JOG - | Axis 2 moves in the negative dire ction while this signal is input. |  |
| 3A |  | 019 | Inching specification ( 0.01 mm ) | Specify the distance to be traveled by inching. <br> (The travel represents the sum of values specified for port Nos. 019 to 022.) |  |
| 3B |  | 020 | Inching specification (0.1 mm) |  |  |
| 4A |  | 021 | Inching specitication ( 0.5 mm ) |  |  |
| 4B |  | 022 | Inching specification (1 mm) |  |  |
| 5A |  | 023 | Error reset | This signal resets minor errors. (To reset major errors, the power must be reconnected.) |  |
| 5B |  | 000 | Start | The actuator starts moving to the position corresponding to the selected position number. |  |
| 6A |  | 001 | Servo ON | The servo is turned ON/OFF. |  |
| 6B |  | 002 | Pause | The actuator pauses when this signal turns OFF, and resumes operation when the signal is turned ON. |  |
| 7A |  | 003 | Position/type input 1 | Use any of port Nos. 003 to 013 to specify the position number corresponding to the position to move the actuator to, and another to specify the position number under which to input the current position. When port No. 014 for teaching mode specification is ON, turning ON port No. 000 for start signal writes the current value to the specified position number. |  |
| 7 B |  | 004 | Position/type input 2 |  |  |
| 8A |  | 005 | Position/type input 3 |  |  |
| 8B |  | 006 | Position/type input 4 |  |  |
| 9A |  | 007 | Position/type input 5 |  |  |
| 9 B |  | 008 | Position/type input 6 |  | - |
| 10 A |  | 009 | Position/type input 7 |  |  |
| 10B |  | 010 | Position/type input 8 |  |  |
| 11A |  | 011 | Position/type input 9 |  |  |
| 11B |  | 012 | Position/type input 10 |  |  |
| 12A |  | 013 | Position/type input 11 |  |  |
| 12 B |  | 014 | Teaching mode specification |  |  |
| 13A |  | 015 | Axis 1 JOG + | Axis 1 moves in the positive dire ction while this signal is input. |  |
| 13B | Output | 300 | Alarm | This signal is output when an alarm has occurred. (Contact B) |  |
| 14A |  | 301 | Ready | This signal is output when the controller has started properly and become ready | - |
| 14B |  | 302 | Positioning complete | This signal is output when movement to the specified position is completed. |  |
| 15A |  | 303 | Home return complete | This signal is output when home return is completed. |  |
| 15B |  | 304 | Servo ON output | Servo ON output |  |
| 16A |  | 305 | - | - - | - |
| 16B |  | 306 | System battery error | This signal is output when the system battery voltage has dropped (to the warning level). |  |
| 17A |  | 307 | Absolute battery error | This signal is output when the absolute battery voltage has dropped (to the warning level). | \% |
| 17B | N |  | OV input | Connect OV. |  |

## DS-S-C1 Compatible Positioner Mode




## External Dimensions

SSEL 1-axis controller

(Note 1) Absolute-data backup battery. This battery is not installed in incremental controllers.

## SSEL 2-axis controller


(Note 1) Absolute-data backup battery. This battery is not installed in incremental controllers.


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## Status indicator LEDs

These LEDS indicate the operating condition of the controller Each LED and what it indicates are explained below:

PWR : The controller is receiving power.
RDY : The controller is ready to perform program operation.

ALM : The controller is abnormal.
EMG : An emergency stop has been actuated and the drive source is cut off.

SV1 : The servo of actuator axis 1 is ON .
SV2 : The servo of actuator axis 2 is ON .

## System I/O connector

This connector is used to connect the emergency stop/ enable input, brake power input, etc.

## 3 Teaching pendant connector

This half-pitch, IO26-pin connector is used to connect the teaching pendant when the operation mode is MANU. You need a dedicated conversion cable to connect a conventional D-sub, 25-pin connector.

## Mode switch

This switch is used to specify the operation mode of the controller. The controller is in the MANU (manual operation) mode when the switch is in the left position, or AUTO (auto operation) mode when the switch is in the right position. Teaching operation can be performed only in the MANU mode. Also note that the controller cannot perform auto operation using external IOs in the MANU mode.

## 5 USB connector

This connector is used to establish USB connection with a PC While the USB connector is in use, the TP connector cannot be used because communication via this connector is disconnected.

## 6 IO connector

This connector is used to connect the interface I/Os. If the DIO (24IN/8OUT) interface is specified, the I/O con-nector accepts a 34 -pin flat cable. The I/O power is also supplied to the controller through this connector (pins 1 and 34).

7 Panel unit connector
This connector is used to connect the panel unit (optional) for displaying the controller status and error numbers.

8 Absolute-data backup battery
When an absolute axis is operated, this battery is used to retain the position data even after the power is cut off.

System-memory backup battery (optional)
This battery is required if you want to retain the various data stored in the built-in SRAM of the controller even after the power is cut off. This battery is optional. Order it separately if required.

## 10 Power-supply connector

A connector for AC power supply. The control power and motor power are input separately.

## 11 Grounding screw

A screw for protective grounding. Be sure to connect this screw to ground.
12 External regenerative resistor connector This connector is used to connect an additional regenerative resistor that is connected when the built-in regenerative resistor is not enough due to high acceleration, high load, etc.

## 13 Axis 1 motor connector

The motor cable of actuator axis 1 is connected here.

## 14 Axis 2 motor connector

The motor cable of actuator axis 2 is connected here.

## 15 Axis 1 brake switch

This switch is used to release the axis brake. Setting the switch to the left (RLS) position forcibly releases the brake, while setting it to the right (NOM) position allows the controller to control the brake automatically.

## 16 Axis 2 brake switch

This switch is used to release the axis brake. Setting the switch to the left (RLS) position forcibly releases the brake, while setting it to the right (NOM) position allows the controller to control the brake automatically.

## Axis 1 encoder connector

The encoder cable of actuator axis 1 is connected here

## 18 Axis 2 encoder connector

The encoder cable of actuator axis 2 is connected here

## 9 Axis 1 absolute battery connector

This connector is used to connect the absolute-data backup battery for axis 1 when the actuator is equipped with an absolute encoder.

## 0 Axis 2 absolute battery connector

This connector is used to connect the absolute-data backup battery for axis 2 when the actuator is equipped with an absolute encoder. System-memory backup battery connector This connector is used to connect the system-memory backup battery.

## Options

## Teaching Pendant

- Features A teaching device offering functions for program/position input, test operation, monitoring, and more.
- Models/Prices

| Model | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| SEL-T-J | Standard type with connector <br> conversion cable |
| SEL-TD-J | Deadman switch type with <br> connector conversion cable |

- Configuration


Conversion Cable: CB-SEL-SJ002
. Specification

| Item | SEL-T-J | SEL-TD-J |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 3-position enable switch | Not equipped | Equipped |
| ANSI/UL standard | Not compliant | Compliant |
| CE Mark | Compliant |  |
| Display | 20 characters $\times 4$ lines |  |
| Surrounding air temp / humidity | $0-40 \mathrm{C}, 10-90 \%$ RH (non-condensing) |  |
| Protection structure | IP54 |  |
| Weight | Approx 0.4 kg (excluding cables) |  |

## PC Software (Windows only)

- Features A software application that assists you in the initial startup of your system by offering functions for program/position input, test operation, monitoring, and more. Enhanced debugging functions help reduce the startup time.
- Models IA-101-X—MW—J (with RS232C cable + connector conversion cable) IA - 101-X - MW (with RS232C cable + connector conversion cable)
- Configuration

- Model IA - 101 - X - USB (with USB cable)


PC Software (CD)



Note
SSEL controllers support only Version 6.0.0.0 or later.

## Regenerative Resistor Unit

- Features A unit for converting to heat the regenerative current produced when the motor I RRU Determination Guide
decelerates. Check the total wattage of the operated actuators in the table on the right and provide a regenerative resistor or resistors if necessary.
- Model REU-2 (for SCON/SSEL)
- Specifications

| Weight | 0.9 kg |
| :--- | :--- |
| Built-in regenerative resistor | $220 \Omega \quad 80 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| Unit-controller connection <br> cable (accessory) | $\mathrm{CB}-\mathrm{SC}-$ REU010 (for SSEL) |

 required number of regenerative resistor(s) may
become more than the applicable number shown
If two regenerative units are required, order one REU-2 and one REU-1 (refer to P. 70).

## Panel Unit

- Features A display that lets you check controller error codes and the program number of the current program.
- Model REU-2



## Absolute Data Backup Battery

- Features An absolute-data backup battery used when an absolute actuator is operated
The battery is the same as the system-memory backup battery.
Model AB-5

- External Dimensions


System-memory Backup Battery

- Features This battery is required if you are using global flags, etc., in the program and want to retain the data even after the power is turned off.
- Model AB-5-CS (with case) $A B-5$ (battery)



## Options

## Dummy Plug

－Features A plug to be connected to the teaching port to cut off the enable circuit when the SSEL controller is connected to a PC via a USB cable （This plug is supplied with the PC software IA－101－ X－USB．）
－Model DP－3

## USB Cable

－Features A cable for connecting a controller with USB port to a PC．
To connect a controller without USB port（XSEL）to a PC，connect the controller＇s RS232C cable to a USB cable via a USB conversion adapter，and connect the SB cable to the USB port on the PC．
－Model CB－SEL－USB010（（cable length 1 m ）


## Connector Conversion Table

Features A conversion cable for connecting the D－sub，25－pin connector for teaching pendant／PC software to the teaching connector（half－pitch）on the SSEL controller

Model CB－SEL－SJ002（cable length 0.2 m ）


Replacement Parts

## I／O Flat Cable

Model CB－DS－PIO $\square \square \square$

ロロロ
desires the cable length（L）．You can specify a



## Model List/Prices

A multi-axis program controller capable of operating 230 VAC linear axes. Up to six axes can be controlled simultaneously.

| Type | P | Q |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name | Large-capacity standard type | Large-capacity global type (safety category specification) |
| Exterior View |  |  |
| Description | A large-capacity type capable of controlling up to six axes. | A large-capacity type conforming to safety category 4. |
| Max number of controlled axes | 6-axes |  |
| Number of Positions | 20000 positions |  |
| Maximum total wattage of connected axes | 1600/2400 W |  |
| Power supply | Single-phase 230 VAC/three-phase 230 VAC |  |
| Safety category | B | 4 (with additional circuit) |
| Safety standards | CE | CE, ANSI |
|  |  |  |

## Explanation



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## System Configuration



## I/O Wiring

Input External Input Specification (NPN Specification)

| Item | Specification |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input voltage | DC24V $\pm 10 \%$ |  |  |  |  |
| Input current | 7 mA per circuit |  |  |  |  |
| ON/OFF voltages | ON voltage- Min. 16.0 VDC / OFF voltage- Max. 5.0 VDC |  |  |  |  |
| Insulation method | (Photo-coder insulation) |  |  |  |  |
| Externally connected devices | [1] No-voltage contacts (with a minimum load of approx. $5.0 \mathrm{VDC} / 1 \mathrm{~mA}$ ) <br> [2] Photo-electric/proximity sensors (NPN type) <br> [3] Sequencer transistor outputs (open-collector type) <br> [4] Sequencer contact outputs (with a minimum load of approx. $5 \mathrm{VDC} / 1 \mathrm{~mA})$ |  |  |  |  |
| [Input circuit] |  |  |  |  |  |
| Externalpower <br> $+10 \%$ DC24 $\qquad$ |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{c\|} \hline \mathrm{K} \text { type } \\ \hline 1024 \mathrm{~V} \text { connector } \\ 24 \mathrm{VIN} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { P/Q types } \\ \hline \text { Ointefface } \\ \text { PinNo. } 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |

- Input External Intput Specification (PNP Specification)

| Item | Specification |
| :--- | :--- |
| Input voltage | DC24V $\pm 10 \%$ |
| Input current | 7 mA per circuit |
| ON/OFF voltages | ON voltage- Min. 8 VDC/ OFF voltage- Max. 19 VDC |
| Insulation method | (Photo-coder insulation) |
| Externally <br> connected <br> devices | $[1]$ |
| [2]-voltage contacts (whith a melectric/proximity sensors (PNP load of approx. $5.0 \mathrm{VDC} / 1 \mathrm{~mA}$ ) |  |
| [3] Sequencer transistor outputs (open-collector type) |  |
| [4] Sequencer contact outputs (with a minimum load of approx. $5 \mathrm{VDC} / / \mathrm{mA})$ |  |

[Input circuit]


- Output External Input Specification (NPN Specification)

| Item | Specification |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Load voltage | DC24V |  |
| Maximum load <br> current | 100 mA per point, 400 mA <br> peak (total current) | TD62084 (or equivalent) is used |
| Leak current (max.) | Max. 0.1mA per point |  |
| Insulation method | (Photo-coder insulation) |  |
| Externally connected devices | [1] Minature relays [2] Sequencer input units |  |



■ Output External Output Specification (PNP Specification)

| Item | Specification |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Load voltage | DC24V |  |
| Maximum load <br> current | 100 mA per point, 400 mA <br> for 8 ports* | TD62784 (or equivalent) is used |
| Leak current(max.) | Max. 0.1 mA per point |  |
| Insulation method | (Photo-cor |  |

o-

| Externally connected devices | [1] Minature relays [2] Sequencer input units |
| :--- | :--- |

* (Note) The maximum total load current is 400 mA for every eight ports from output port No. 300. (The maximum total load current of output port No. $300+n$ to $300+n+7$ is 400 mA ; where n is 0 or a multiple of 8 .)


| //O Signal Tables |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard I/O Signal Table (when N1 or P1 is selected) |  |  |  | Expansion I/O Signal Table (when N1 or P1 is selected) |  |  | Expansion I/0 Signal Table (when N 1 or P 1 is selected) |  |  |
| Pin No. | Category | Port No. | Standard Setting | Pin No. | Category | Standard Setting | Pin No. | Category | Standard Setting |
| 1 |  | - | P/Q types: $24-\mathrm{V}$ connection/K type: NC ) | 1 |  | (P/Q types: 24V connection/K type: NC ) | 1 |  | (P/Q/ types: $24-\mathrm{V}$ connection/K type: NC ) |
| 2 |  | 000 | Program start | 2 |  | General purpose input | 2 |  | General purpose input |
| 3 |  | 001 | General purpose input | 3 |  | General purpose input | 3 |  | General purpose input |
| 4 |  | 002 | General purpose input | 4 |  | General purpose input | 4 |  | General purpose input |
| 5 |  | 003 | General purpose input | 5 |  | General purpose input | 5 |  | General purpose input |
| 6 |  | 004 | General purpose input | 6 |  | General purpose input | 6 |  | General purpose input |
| 7 |  | 005 | General purpose input | 7 |  | General purpose input | 7 |  | General purpose input |
| 8 |  | 006 | General purpose input | 8 |  | General purpose input | 8 |  | General purpose input |
| 9 |  | 007 | Program specification(PRG No. 1) | 9 |  | General purpose input | 9 | Irput | General purpose input |
| 10 |  | 008 | Program specification(PRG No. 2) | 10 |  | General purpose input | 10 |  | General purpose input |
| 11 |  | 009 | Program seecification(PRG No. 4) | 11 |  | General purpose input | 11 |  | General purpose input |
| 12 |  | 010 | Program specification(PRG No. 8) | 12 |  | General purpose input | 12 |  | General purpose input |
| 13 |  | 011 | Program specification(PRG No. 10 | 13 |  | General purpose input | 13 |  | General purpose input |
| 14 |  | 012 | Program peocitication(PRG No. 20) | 14 |  | General purpose input | 14 |  | General purpose input |
| 15 |  | 013 | Program peocitication(PRG No. 40) | 15 |  | General purpose input | 15 |  | General purpose input |
| 16 |  | 014 | General purpose input | 16 |  | General purpose input | 16 |  | General purpose input |
| 17 | Input | 015 | General purpose input | 17 | input | Generalpurpose input | 17 |  | Generalpurpose input |
| 18 |  | 016 | General purpose input | 18 |  | General purpose input | 18 |  | General purpose output |
| 19 |  | 017 | General purpose input | 19 |  | General purpose input | 19 |  | General purpose output |
| 20 |  | 018 | General purpose input | 20 |  | General purpose input | 20 |  | General purpose output |
| 21 |  | 019 | General purpose input | 21 |  | General purpose input | 21 |  | General purpose output |
| 22 |  | 020 | General purpose input | 22 |  | General purpose input | 22 |  | General purpose output |
| 23 |  | 021 | General purpose input | 23 |  | General purpose input | 23 |  | General purpose output |
| 24 |  | 022 | General purpose input | 24 |  | General purpose input | 24 |  | General purpose output |
| 25 |  | 023 | General purpose input | 25 |  | General purpose input | 25 |  | General purpose output |
| 26 |  | 024 | General purpose input | 26 |  | General purpose input | 26 |  | General purpose output |
| 27 |  | 025 | General purpose input | 27 |  | General purpose input | 27 |  | General purpose output |
| 28 |  | 026 | General purpose input | 28 |  | General purpose input | 28 |  | General purpose output |
| 29 |  | 027 | General purpose input | 29 |  | General purpose input | 29 |  | General purpose output |
| 30 |  | 028 | General purpose input | 30 |  | General purpose input | 30 |  | General purpose output |
| 31 |  | 029 | General purpose input | 31 |  | General purpose input | 31 |  | General purpose output |
| 32 |  | 030 | General purpose input | 32 |  | General purpose input | 32 |  | General purpose output |
| 33 |  | 031 | General purpose input | 33 |  | General purpose input | 33 |  | General purpose output |
| 34 |  | 300 | Alarm output | 34 |  | General purpose output | 34 | Output | General purpose output |
| 35 |  | 301 | Ready output | 35 |  | General purpose output | 35 |  | General purpose output |
| 36 |  | 302 | Emergency st¢ output | 36 |  | General purpose output | 36 |  | General purpose output |
| 37 |  | 303 | General purpose output | 37 |  | Generalpurpose output | 37 |  | Generalpurpose output |
| 38 |  | 304 | General purpose output | 38 |  | General purpose output | 38 |  | General purpose output |
| 39 |  | 305 | General purpose output | 39 |  | General purpose output | 39 |  | General purpose output |
| 40 |  | 306 | General purpose output | 40 |  | General purpose output | 40 |  | General purpose output |
| 41 |  | 307 | General purpose output | 41 |  | General purpose output | 41 |  | General purpose output |
| 42 | Output | 308 | General purpose output | 42 | Output | General purpose output | 42 |  | General purpose output |
| 43 |  | 309 | General purpose output | 43 |  | General purpose output | 43 |  | General purpose output |
| 44 |  | 310 | General purpose output | 44 |  | General purpose output | 44 |  | General purpose output |
| 45 |  | 311 | General purpose output | 45 |  | General purpose output | 45 |  | General purpose output |
| 46 |  | 312 | General purpose output | 46 |  | General purpose output | 46 |  | General purpose output |
| 47 |  | 313 | General purpose output | 47 |  | General purpose output | 47 |  | General purpose output |
| 48 |  | 314 | General purpose output | 48 |  | General purpose output | 48 |  | General purpose output |
| 49 |  | 315 | General purpose output | 49 |  | General purpose output | 49 |  | General purpose output |
| 50 |  | 区 | (P/Q types: OV connection/K type: NC) | 50 |  | (P/Q types: oV connection/K type: NC) | 50 |  | (P/Q types: oV connection/K type: NC ) |

## Specification Table

■ P (Standard Type)/Q (Global Type Conforming to Safety Category)

| Item | Description |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Controller series/type | P (Standard) Type |  |  |  |  |  | Q (Global) Type |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connectable actuators | RCS2/ISA/ISPA/ISP/ISDA/ISDACR//SPDACR/IF/FS/RS/LSA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Applicable motor output | 20/30/60/100/150/200/300/400/600/750 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of controlled axes | 1 axis | 2 axes | 3 axes | 4 axes | 5 axes | 6 axes | 1 axis | 2 axes | 3 axes | 4 axes | 5 axes | 6 axes |
| Maximum output of connected axes | Max. 2400W (1600 W for single-phase, 230-VAC specification) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Controller power input | 200/230-VAC, single-phase - $15 \%+10 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  | 200/230-VAC, single-phase - 15\% + 10\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor power input | 200/230-VAC, single-phase/three-phase - $10 \%+10 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  | 200/230-VAC, single-phase/three-phase - 10\% + 10\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power-supply frequency | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Insulation resistance | $10 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ or more (@ 500 VDC , measured between the power-supply terminal and each I/O terminal and between all external terminals and the case) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Withstand voltage | 1500 VAC (1 minute) |  |  |  |  |  | 1500 VAC (1 minute) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power-supply capacity (*1) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Max } \\ \text { 1744VA } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Max} \\ 3266 \mathrm{VA} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Max } \\ \text { 4787VA } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Max } \\ \text { 4878VA } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Max } \\ \text { 4931VA } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Max } \\ \text { 4998VA } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Max} \\ \text { 1744VA } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Max } \\ 3266 \mathrm{VA} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Max } \\ \text { 4787VA } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Max } \\ \text { 4878VA } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Max} \\ \text { 4931VA } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Max } \\ \text { 4998VA } \end{gathered}$ |
| Position detection method | Incremental encoder (wire-saving type) <br> Multi-rotational data backup absolute encoder (wire-saving type) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Complete circuit structure | Redundancy not supported |  |  |  |  |  | Redundancy supported |  |  |  |  |  |
| Drive-source cutoff method | Internal relay cutoff |  |  |  |  |  | External safety circuit |  |  |  |  |  |
| Enable input | Contact B input (Internal power-supply type) |  |  |  |  |  | Contact B input (External power-supply type, redundant) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Speed setting | $1 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{sec} \sim$ Maximum setting varies depending on the actuator's specifications |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acceleration/Deceleration setting | $0.01 \mathrm{G} \sim$ Maximum setting varies depending on the actuator's specifications |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Program language | Super SEL Language |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of programs | 128 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of program steps | 9999 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of multitask programs | 16 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of positions | 20000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Data storage device | FLASH ROM + SRAM battery backup |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Data input method | Teaching pendant or PC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Standard I/Os | I/O 48 points PIO board (NPN/PNP), // 96 points PIO board (NPN/PNP) - 1 board can be installed |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Expansion I/Os | 1/O 48 points PIO board (NPN/PNP), 1/O 96 points PIO board (NPN/PNP) - Up to 3 boards can be installed |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Serial communication function | Teaching port (D-sub 25-pin, +2 chRS232C port (D-sub 9-pin $\times 2$ ) - Standard equipment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Protective functions | Motor overcurrent, overload, motor-driver temperature check, overload check, encoder-open detection, soft limit over, system error, battery error, etc. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ambient operating temperature, humidity | 9-40 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 10-95 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight (*2) | 5.2 kg |  |  |  |  | 5.7 kg |  |  | 4.5 kg |  |  | 5 kg |
| Accessory | / O flat cable |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

External Dimensions
■ (Large-capacity Standard Type)/Q (Large-capacity Global Type)
With the XSEL-P/Q types, the shape and dimensions vary according to the controller specifications (encoder type, with/without brake, and with/without I/O expansion).
The four shapes shown below are available. Check the applicable dimensions based on the desired type and number of axes.


## Name of Each Part



## FG connection terminal

A connection end for connecting the FG terminal of the enclosure. The PE terminal of the AC input part is connected to the enclosure inside the controller.

## 2 External regenerative unit connector

This connector is used to connect an additional regenerative resistor unit that is connected when the built-in regenerative resistor is not enough due to high acceleration, high load, etc. Whether or not an external regenerative resistor is required depends on the specifics of the application such as the axis configuration.

## 3 AC-power input connector

A 230-VAC, 1-/3-phase input connector. This connector has six terminals including the motor/control power terminals and PE terminal.
The standard specification only comes with a terminal block.
Note To prevent electric shock, do not touch this connector while the power is supplied.

## 4 Control-power monitor LEDA

A green light is lit when the control power supply is generating the internal controller power properly.

## 5 Absolute-battery enable/disable switch

A switch to enable/disable the encoder backup operation using the absolute battery. The factory setting is to disable the backup operation. After connecting the encoder/ axis-sensor cables, turn on the power and then set the switch to the top position.

## 6 Encoder/axis-sensor connector

A connector for the actuator encoder and axis sensors such as LS, CREEP and OT. *(LS, CREEP and OT sensors are optional.)

## 7 Motor connector

A connector for driving the motor in the actuator.

## 8 Teaching-pendant type selector switch

This switch is used to change the type of the teaching pendant to be connected to the teaching connector 9 . You can switch between IAl's standard teaching pendant and ANSI teaching pendant. Set the switch on the front side of the board according to the teaching pendant you are using.

## 9 Teaching connector

This teaching interface is used to connect IAI's teaching pendant or a PC (PC software) to operate, set or otherwise manipulate your system.

## 10 System I/O connector

This I/O connector controls the safety operations of the controller. For controllers of global specification, a safety circuit meeting up to safety category 4 can be configured using this connector together with an external safety circuit.

## 11 Panel window

This window consists of a 4-line, 7-segment LED display and five LED lamps, all indicating the status of your system.

Q type (with absolute brake unit + expansion base, 6-axis)


Meanings of five LEDs

| Name | Status when LED is lit |
| :---: | :--- |
| RDY | The CPU is ready (to perform program operation). |
| ALM | A CPU alarm (system-shutdown level error) or CPU hardware error is present. |
| EMG | An emergency stop has been actuated or a CPU or power-supply hardware error is present. |
| PSE | A power-supply hardware error is present. |
| CLK | The system clock is abnormal. |

## 12 Mode switch

This alternate switch with lock is used to indicate the operation mode of the controller. To operate this switch, pull the switch toward you and then tilt it to a desired position. The top position corresponds to the MANU (manual) mode, while the bottom position corresponds to the AUTO (auto) mode. Teaching operation can be performed only in the MANU mode. Also note that auto program start is not supported in the MANU mode.

## 13 Standard I/O connector

This alternate switch with lock is used to indicate the operation mode of the controller. To operate this switch, pull the switch toward you and then tilt it to a desired position. The top position corresponds to the MANU (manual) mode, while the bottom position corresponds to the AUTO (auto) mode. Teaching operation can be performed only in the MANU mode. Also note that auto program start is not supported in the MANU mode.

| Item | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| Connector name | I/O |
| Applicable connector | Flat connector, 50-pin |
| Power supply | Power is supplied from connector pin Nos. 1 and 50. |
| Inputs | 32 points (including general-purpose and dedicated inputs). |
| Outputs | 16 points (including general-purpose and dedicated outputs). |
| Connected to | External PLC, sensor, etc. |

14 General-purpose RS232C port connector
A port to connect general-purpose RS232C devices (two channels are available).

## 15 Field-network board slot

Install a field-pass interface module in this slot.

## 16 Expansion I/O board (optional)

Install an optional expansion l/O board in this slot.

## Brake-power input connector

A power input connector for driving the brake in the actuator. 24 VDC must be supplied externally. If the specified power is not supplied, the actuator brake cannot be released. Be sure to supply the brake power for axes with brake. Use a shielded cable for the brake power cable and connect the shield on the 24-V power supply side.

## 18 Brake-release switch connector

This connector is used to connect a switch for releasing the actuator brake from outside the controller. The brake can be released by shorting the COM terminal and BKMRL* terminal of this connector. Use this connector if you want to operate the actuator manually when the controller power has been cut off or any other error is present.

## 19 Brake switch

This alternate switch with lock is used to release the axis brake. To operate this switch, pull the switch toward you and then tilt it to a desired position. The brake is forcibly released when the switch is in the top (RLS) position, or controlled automatically by the controller when the switch is in the bottom (NOM) position.

## Options

- Regenerative Resistor Unit


Absolute-data Backup Battery (for XSEL-KE/KET)


- Absolute-data Backup Battery


Features

## AB-5

An absolute-data backup battery used when absolute actuators are operated.


## Expansion PIO Board

Description An optional board you can use to increase the number of $I / O$ (input/ output) points.
On general-purpose/large-capacity controllers, up to three expansion PIO boards can be installed in the expansion slots.
(On small controllers, only one expansion PIO board can be installed in the expansion slot, provided that the controller is of $3 / 4$-axis type.)

## DeviceNet Connection Board

A board for connecting the XSEL controller to DeviceNet.

| Item | Specification |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of I/O points | 1 board with 256 input points/256 output points * Only one board can be installed. |  |  |  |
| Communication | A certified DeviceNet 2.0 interface module is used (certification pending). |  |  |  |
|  | Group 2 only server |  |  |  |
|  | Insulated node of network-power operation type |  |  |  |
| Communication specifications | Master-slave connection |  | Bit strobe |  |
|  |  |  | Polling |  |
|  |  |  | Cyclic |  |
| Baud rate | $500 \mathrm{k} / 250 \mathrm{k} / 125 \mathrm{kbps}$ (switchable using DIP switches) |  |  |  |
| Communication cable | Baud rate | Max. nelwork length | Max. brand length | Total branch length |
|  | 500 kbps | 100 m | 6 m | 39 m |
|  | 250kbps | 250 m |  | 78 m |
|  | 125 kbps | 500 m |  | 156 m |
|  | Note) When a thick DeviceNet cable is used. |  |  |  |
| Communicatiopower spply | 24 VDC (supplied from DeviceNet) |  |  |  |
| Current consurption | 60 mA or more |  |  |  |
| Number doccupied nodes | 1 node |  |  |  |
| Connector | MSTBA2.5/5-G.08AUM by Phoenix Contact (*1) |  |  |  |

## - Expansion SIO Board (General-purpose type)

Model/ IA-105-X-MW-A (RS232C connection) (board with joint cable [1] x 2) Specification IA-105-X-MW-B (RS422C connection) (board with joint cable [2] x 1) IA-105-X-MW-C (RS485C connection) (board with joint cable [2] x 1)

Description A board for serial communication with an external device. This board has two channels and supports one of three communication formats according to the supplied joint cable.

Joint cable[1] Model: CB-ST-232J001



- CC-Link Connection Board

A board for connecting the XSEL controller to CC-Link.

| Item | Specification |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number f V O points | 1 board with 256 input points/256 output points *Only one board can be installed. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Communication protocol | ACC-Link Version 1.10 (certified) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Baud rate | 10M/5M/2.5M/625k/156kbps (switchable using a rotary switch) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Communication method | Communication method |  |  |  |  |  |
| Synhronization mehod | Frame synchronization method |  |  |  |  |  |
| Encoding method | NRZI |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transmissiorpath format | Bus type (conforming toEIA RS485) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transmissiorformat | Conforming toHDLC |  |  |  |  |  |
| Error control method | $\mathrm{CRC}\left(\mathrm{X}^{16}+\mathrm{X}^{12}+\mathrm{X}^{5}+\mathrm{X} 1\right)$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number foccupied stations | 1 to 3 stations(remote device stations) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Communication cable length | Baud rate (bps) | 10 M | 5 M | 2.5 M | 625 k |  |
|  | Cable length (m) | 100 | 160 | 400 | 900 |  |
| Connector(controller end) | MSTBA2.5/5-G.08AUM by Phoenix Contact (*1) |  |  |  |  |  |

(*1) The cable-end connector (SMSTB2.5/5-ST-5.08AU) by Phoenix Contact) is a standard accessory.

## Options

## Teaching Pendant

- Features A teaching device offering functions for program/ position input, test operation, monitoring, and more.
- Model

| Model | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| SEL-T | Standard Type |
| SEL-TD | Deadman Switch Type |

Configuration


| -Specification |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Item |  | SE-T | SE-TD |
| 3-position enableswitch |  | Not equipped | Equipped |
| ANSI/UL standard |  | Not compliant | Compliant |
| CE Mark | Compliant |  |  |
| Display | 20 characters x4 lines |  |  |
| Surrounding air temp humidity | 0-40 C, 10-90\% RH (non-condensing) |  |  |
| Protectionstructure | I P54 |  |  |
| Weight | Approx 0.4 kg (excluding cables) |  |  |

## PC Software (Windows only)

- Feature A software application that assists you in the initial startup of your system by offering functions for program/position input, test operation, monitoring, and more. Enhanced debugging functions help reduce the startup time.

■ Model IA-101-X—MW (with RS232C cable)


■ Model IA-101-XA—MW (with cable conforming to safety category4)

- Configuration


PC Software (CD)
CB-ST-A1MW050-EB


Model IA-101-X-USBMW (with USB conversion adapter + cable)


PC Software (CD)

## Replacement Parts

All you need a replacement cable after the purchase of your product, specify the applicable model by referring to the information below.


# ICSPA-BN/BL Series <br> Catalogue No. 1208-E 

Ihr Ansprechpartner für IAI-Produkte:
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Fax: +49 (0) 7671 99256-50
Hotline: 0180-2-LINEAR
www.linearachsensysteme.de


[^0]:    * 1: The load capacity changes according to the $Y$-axis stroke and Z-axis stroke. For details, check the page describing the type you are interested in

[^1]:    ("1) Brake settings are available for vertical specification, but not for horizontal specification.
    (*2) When using the X -axis in opposite home specification, follow instructions for the XY combined direction.

